

**Directions:**

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

Place the definition next to the correct vocabulary word. Glue the definition into the correct box.

**Ions**

**Cation**

**Anion**

**Valence  
Shell**

**Valence  
Electron**

**Ionic  
Bond**

**Covalent  
Bond**

A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Covalent Bond'.

**Metals**

A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Metals'.

**Non Metals**

A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Non Metals'.

**Metalloids**

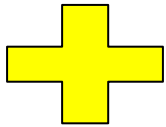
A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Metalloids'.

**Octet  
Rule**

A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Octet Rule'.

**Oxidation  
Number**

A dashed rounded rectangle, intended for a definition or notes related to the term 'Oxidation Number'.



Atoms that lose electrons and have a positive charge



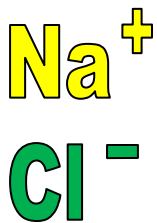
Atoms want to have 8 electrons in their outer shell = stable



Atoms that gain electrons and have a negative charge



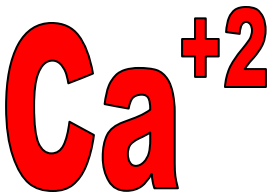
These are found to the left of the staircase and form ionic bonds with non-metals: give away electrons and become + Hydrogen is the exception.



Atoms with either a positive (+) or negative (-) electrical charge



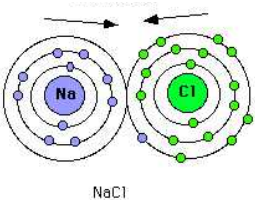
These are found to the right of the staircase and form covalent bonds with each other, or take electrons away from metals to form ionic bonds and become -



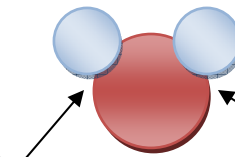
The total number of electrons that an atom either gains or loses in order to form a chemical bond with another atom.



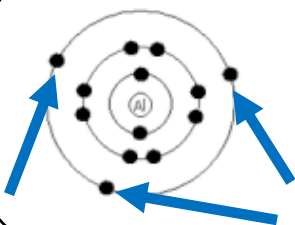
These touch the staircase in the periodic table and have properties of both metals and non-metals.



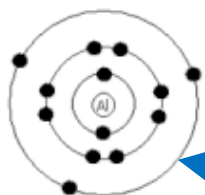
Type of bond where atoms give electrons to other atoms and there is an attraction between oppositely-charged ions



This is the type of bond where electrons are shared between atoms.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  – electrons are shared between H's & O.



The electrons found in the outermost shell of an atom. This is where the chemical reactions and bonding takes place.



The outermost shell of an atom